

# **POLITECNICO DI TORINO**

## **ESAME DI STATO PER L'ABILITAZIONE ALLA PROFESSIONE DI INGEGNERE**

### **SEZIONE A – RAMO “ELETTRONICA” – TEMA 1**

#### **PROVA PRATICA DEL 26 NOVEMBRE 2002**

Nell’ambito dello sviluppo di un sistema di comunicazioni, è necessario progettare un circuito per la compressione della dinamica caratterizzato da una funzione di trasferimento ingresso-uscita con pendenza pari a 40 mV/dB, con tensione di ingresso variabile tra 1 mV (e  $V_{out}=0$  V per questo valore dell’ingresso) e 10 V. Sulla base dei data sheet a disposizione, si richiede di:

1. identificare il tipo di circuito analogico che meglio realizza la funzione richiesta;
2. progettare tale sistema, sapendo di avere a disposizione una alimentazione in continua a  $\pm 12$  V e minimizzando l’effetto della temperatura.

Si richiede inoltre al candidato di produrre un breve saggio sulle norme deontologiche che caratterizzano la professione di ingegnere.

**Nota:** si ricorda che il parametro  $h_{ie}$  presente nelle caratteristiche del transistore è composto della resistenza di base e del parametro  $h_{ie}$  intrinseco, quest’ultimo inversamente proporzionale alla corrente di collettore.





## LM741 Operational Amplifier

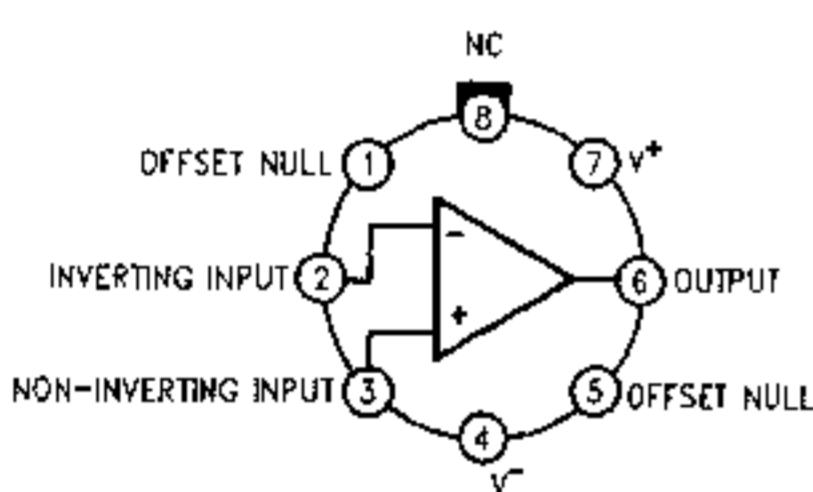
### General Description

The LM741 series are general purpose operational amplifiers which feature improved performance over industry standards like the LM709. They are direct, plug-in replacements for the 709C, LM201, MC1439 and 748 in most applications. The amplifiers offer many features which make their application nearly foolproof: overload protection on the input and output, no latch-up when the common mode range is exceeded, as well as freedom from oscillations.

The LM741C is identical to the LM741/LM741A except that the LM741C has their performance guaranteed over a 0°C to +70°C temperature range, instead of -55°C to +125°C.

### Connection Diagrams

Metal Can Package

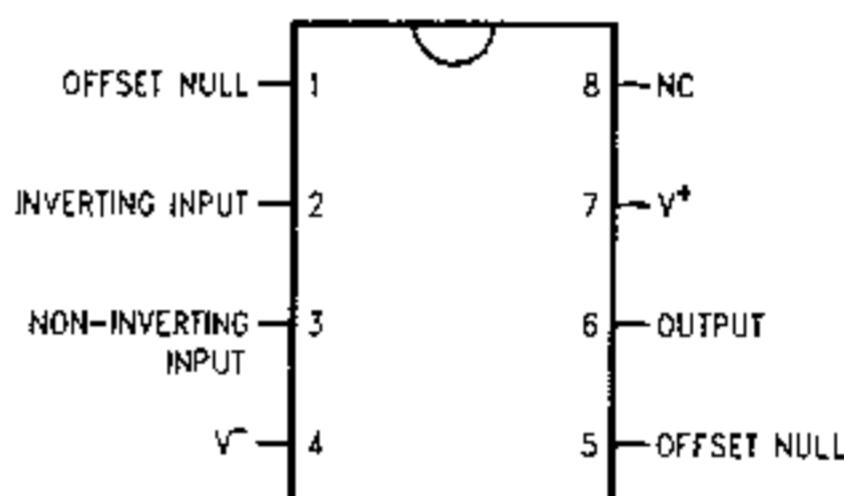


DS009341-2

Note 1: LM741H is available per JM38510/10101

Order Number LM741H, LM741H/883 (Note 1),  
LM741AH/883 or LM741CH  
See NS Package Number H08C

Dual-In-Line or S.O. Package



DS009341-3

Order Number LM741J, LM741J/883, LM741CN  
See NS Package Number J08A, M08A or N08E

Ceramic Flatpak

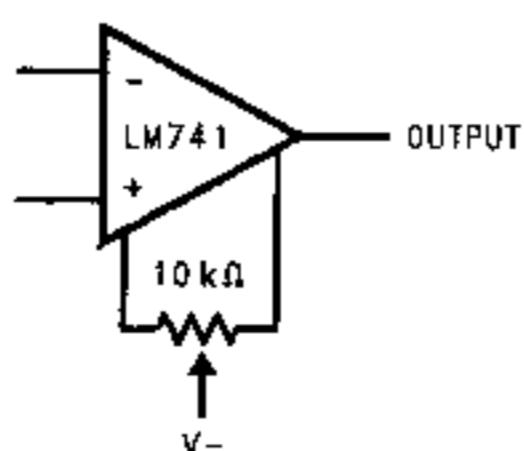


DS009341-6

Order Number LM741W/883  
See NS Package Number W10A

### Typical Application

Offset Nulling Circuit



DS009341-7

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 7)

	LM741A	LM741	LM741C
Supply Voltage	$\pm 22V$	$\pm 22V$	$\pm 18V$
Power Dissipation (Note 3)	500 mW	500 mW	500 mW
Differential Input Voltage	$\pm 30V$	$\pm 30V$	$\pm 30V$
Input Voltage (Note 4)	$\pm 15V$	$\pm 15V$	$\pm 15V$
Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	150°C	150°C	100°C
Soldering Information			
N-Package (10 seconds)	260°C	260°C	260°C
J- or H-Package (10 seconds)	300°C	300°C	300°C
M-Package			
Vapor Phase (60 seconds)	215°C	215°C	215°C
Infrared (15 seconds)	215°C	215°C	215°C
See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect on Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.			
ESD Tolerance (Note 8)	400V	400V	400V

## Electrical Characteristics (Note 5)

Parameter	Conditions	LM741A			LM741			LM741C			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Offset Voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ C$					1.0	5.0		2.0	6.0	mV
	$R_S \leq 10 k\Omega$		0.8	3.0							mV
	$R_S \leq 50\Omega$				4.0						mV
	$T_{A\text{MIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{A\text{MAX}}$							6.0		7.5	mV
Average Input Offset Voltage Drift				15							$\mu V/C$
	$R_S \leq 10 k\Omega$										
Input Offset Voltage Adjustment Range	$T_A = 25^\circ C, V_S = \pm 20V$	$\pm 10$				$\pm 15$			$\pm 15$		mV
	$T_{A\text{MIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{A\text{MAX}}$				4.0						
Input Offset Current	$T_A = 25^\circ C$		3.0	30		20	200		20	200	nA
	$T_{A\text{MIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{A\text{MAX}}$				70	85	500			300	nA
Average Input Offset Current Drift				0.5							$nA/C$
	$R_S \leq 10 k\Omega$										
Input Bias Current	$T_A = 25^\circ C$		30	80		80	500		80	500	nA
	$T_{A\text{MIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{A\text{MAX}}$			0.210			1.5			0.8	$\mu A$
Input Resistance	$T_A = 25^\circ C, V_S = \pm 20V$	1.0	6.0		0.3	2.0		0.3	2.0		$M\Omega$
	$T_{A\text{MIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{A\text{MAX}}, V_S = \pm 20V$	0.5									$M\Omega$
Input Voltage Range	$T_A = 25^\circ C$							$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		V
	$T_{A\text{MIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{A\text{MAX}}$				$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$					V

## Electrical Characteristics (Note 5) (Continued)

Parameter	Conditions	LM741A			LM741			LM741C			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	50			50	200		20	200		V/mV
	$V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$ , $V_O = \pm 15\text{V}$										V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ , $V_O = \pm 10\text{V}$	32			25			18			V/mV
	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ , $V_O = \pm 10\text{V}$										V/mV
Output Short Circuit Current	$V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$ , $V_O = \pm 2\text{V}$	10									V/mV
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$										V
	$R_L \geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	±16									V
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	$R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	±15									V
											V
Transient Response	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10	25	35		25			25		mA
	$T_{A\text{MIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{A\text{MAX}}$	10		40							mA
Power Consumption	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.437	1.5								MHz
Slew Rate	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unity Gain	0.3	0.7			0.5			0.5		V/ $\mu$ s
LM741A	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$					1.7	2.8		1.7	2.8	mA
LM741	$V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$				105						mW
	$T_A = T_{A\text{MIN}}$				135						mW
	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$										mW
	$T_A = T_{A\text{MIN}}$										mW
	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$					60	100				mW
	$T_A = T_{A\text{MAX}}$					45	75				mW

Note 2: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits.

## Electrical Characteristics (Note 5) (Continued)

Note 3: For operation at elevated temperatures, these devices must be derated based on thermal resistance, and  $T_j$  max. (listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings").  $T_j = T_A + (\theta_{jA} P_D)$ .

Thermal Resistance	Cerdip (J)	DIP (N)	HO8 (H)	SO-8 (M)
$\theta_{jA}$ (Junction to Ambient)	100°C/W	100°C/W	170°C/W	195°C/W
$\theta_{jC}$ (Junction to Case)	N/A	N/A	25°C/W	N/A

Note 4: For supply voltages less than  $\pm 15V$ , the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

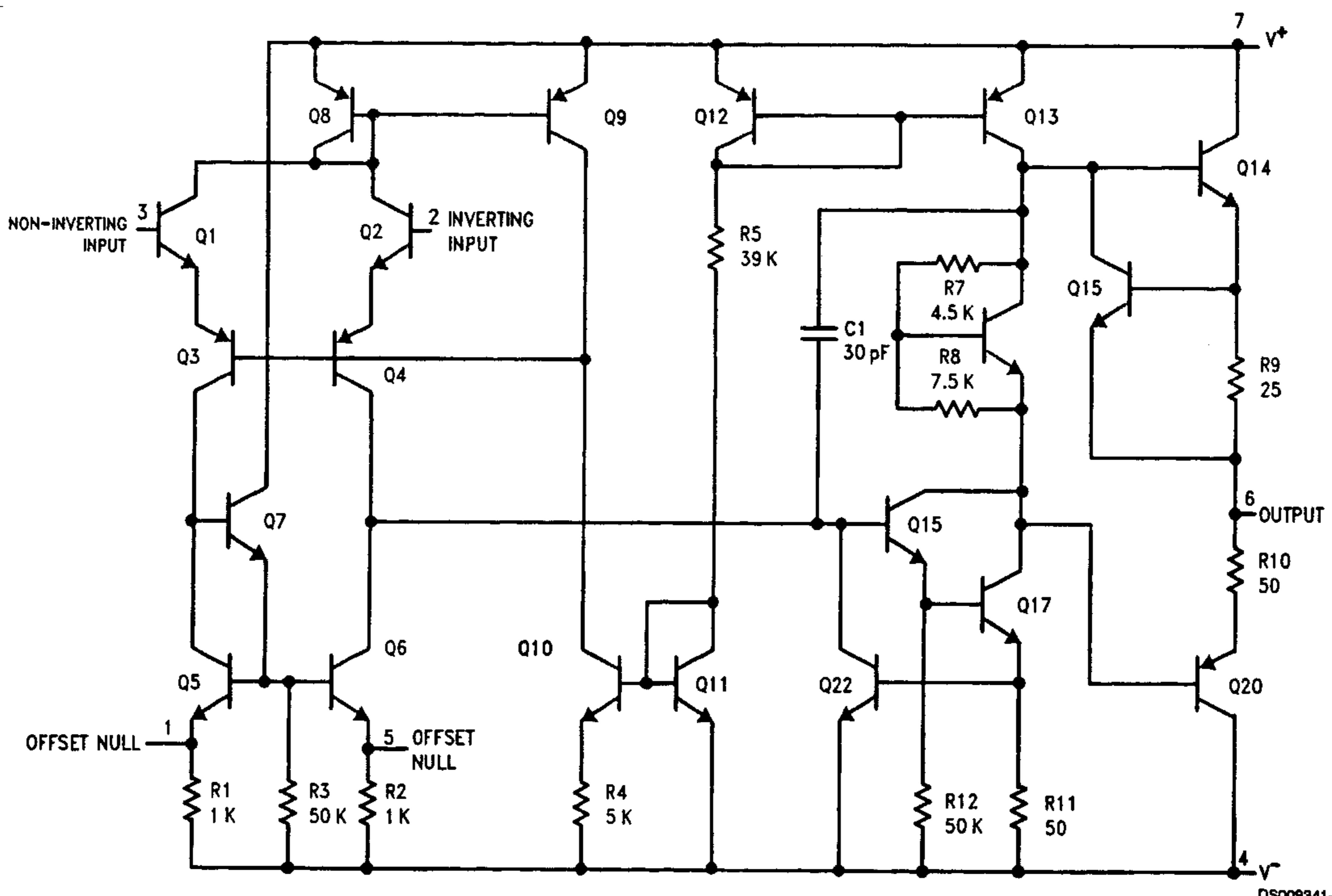
Note 5: Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply for  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $-55^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$  (LM741/LM741A). For the LM741C/LM741E, these specifications are limited to  $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$ .

Note 6: Calculated value from: BW (MHz) = 0.35/Rise Time( $\mu s$ ).

Note 7: For military specifications see RETS741X for LM741 and RETS741AX for LM741A.

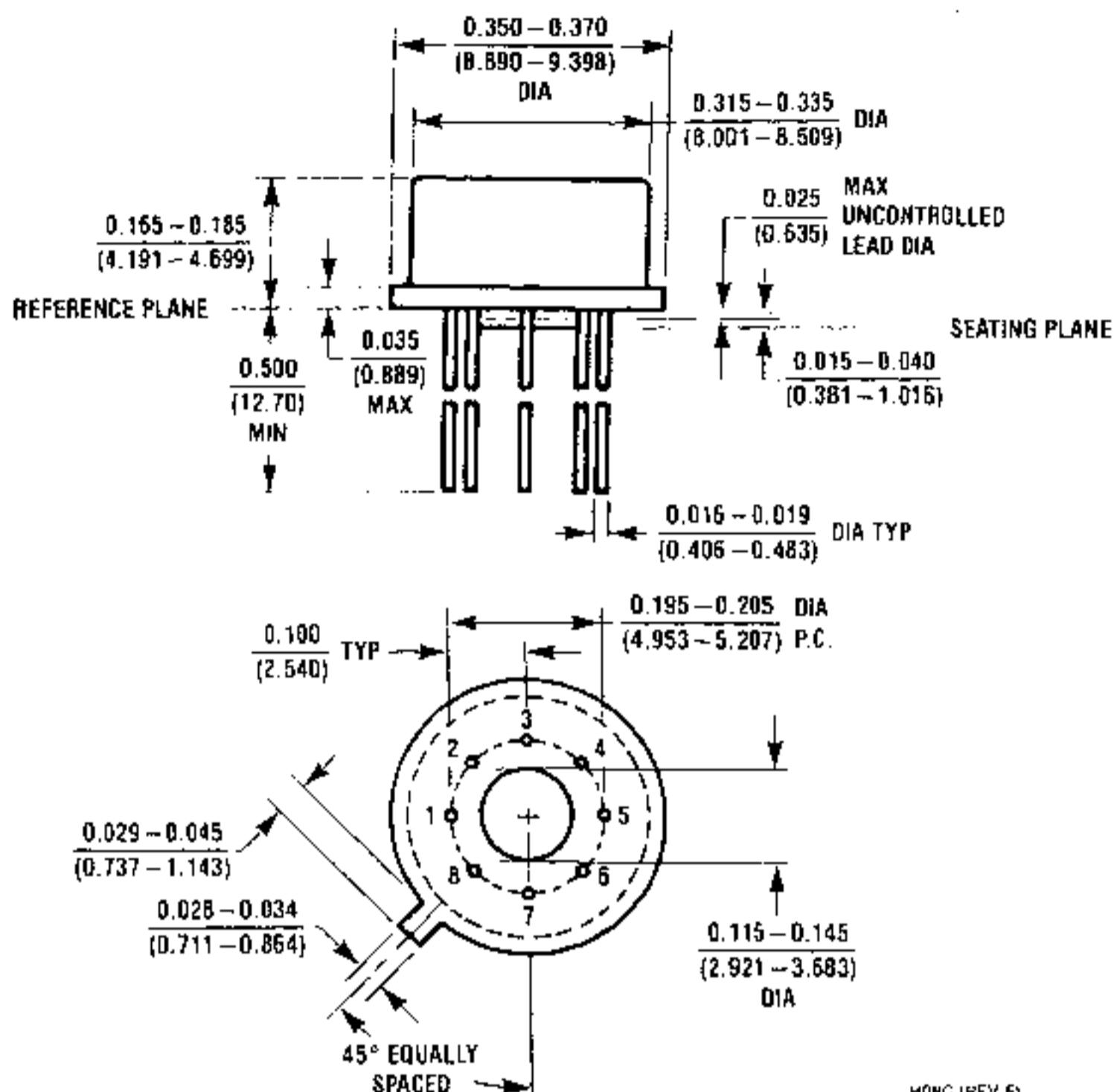
Note 8: Human body model, 1.5 k $\Omega$  in series with 100 pF.

## Schematic Diagram



## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

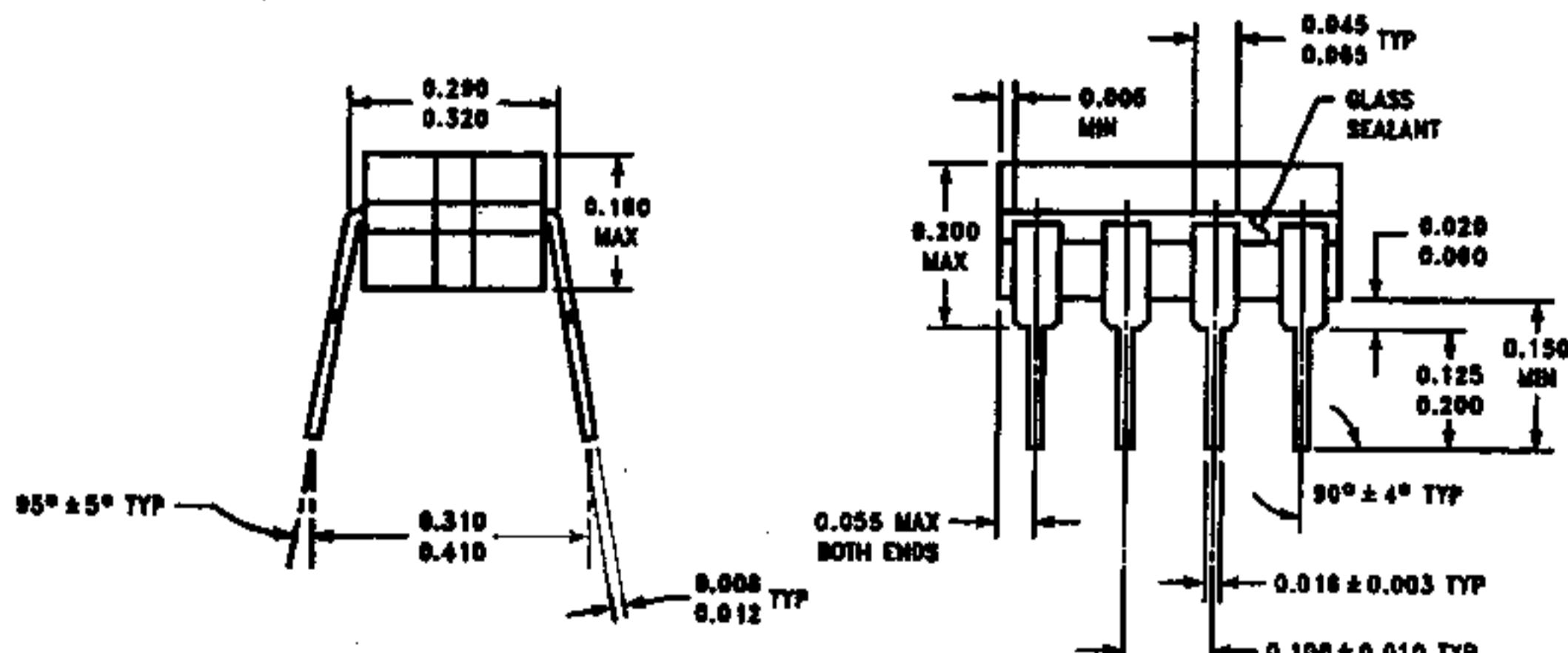
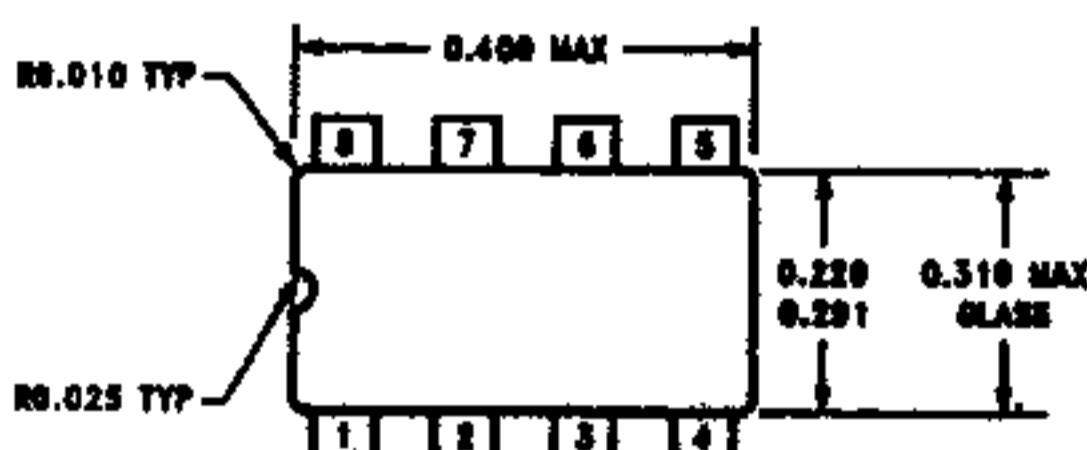
LM741



H08C (REV 6)

Metal Can Package (H)

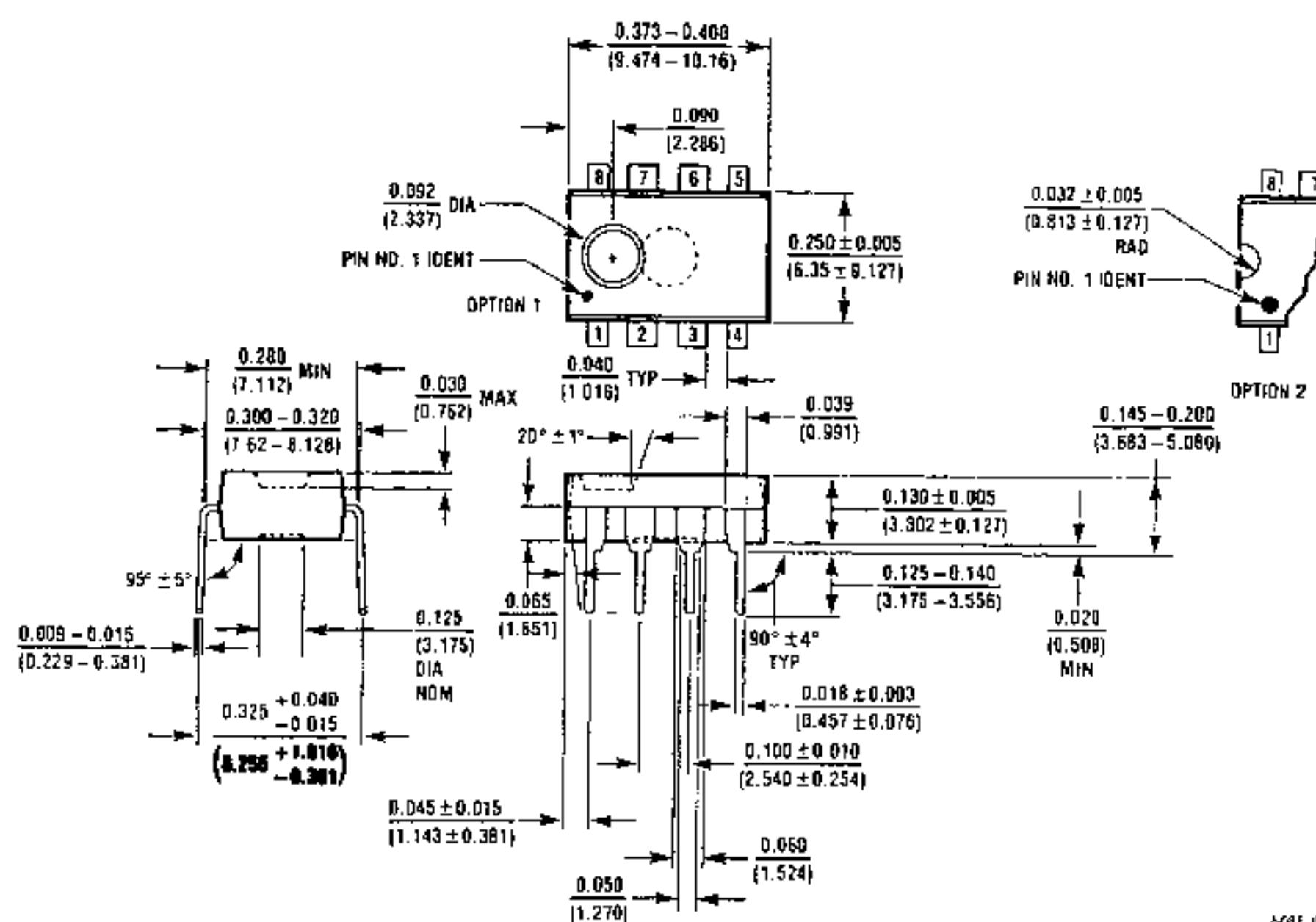
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NS Package Number H08C



J08A (REV 10)

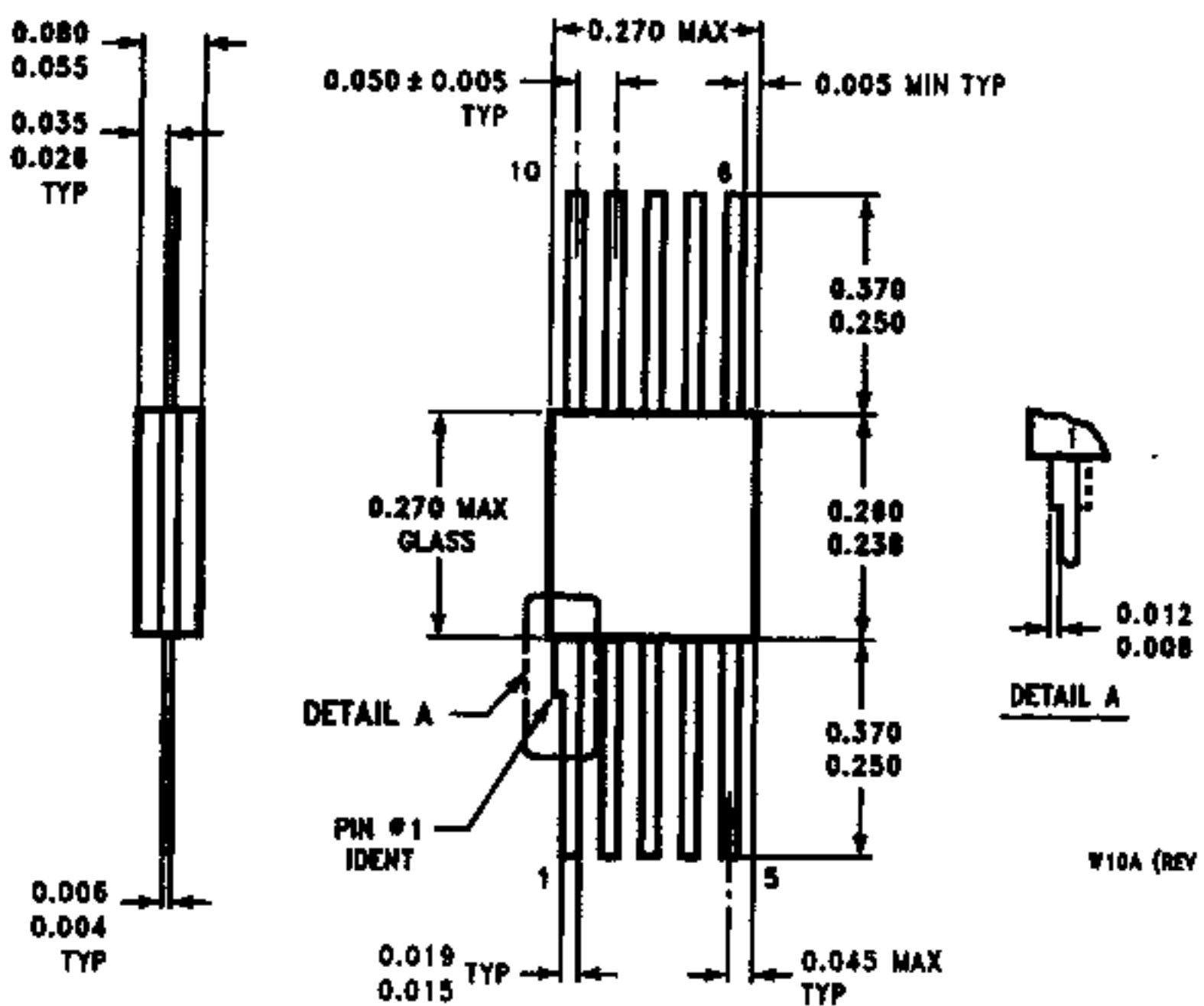
Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package (J)  
Order Number LM741J/883  
NS Package Number J08A

## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



AC08E (REV F)

Dual-In-Line Package (N)  
Order Number LM741CN  
NS Package Number N08E



W10A (REV E)

10-Lead Ceramic Flatpak (W)  
Order Number LM741W/883, LM741WG-MPR or LM741WG/883  
NS Package Number W10A

## Notes

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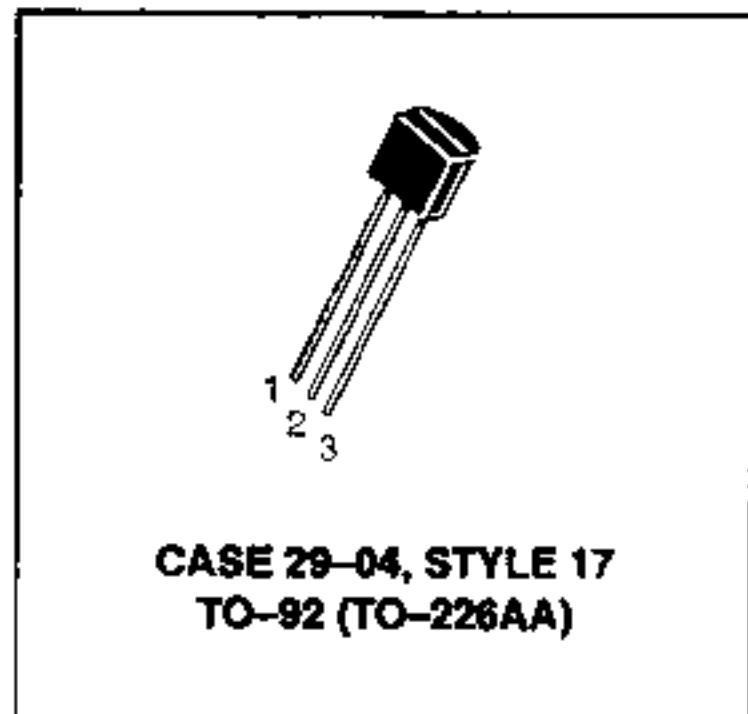
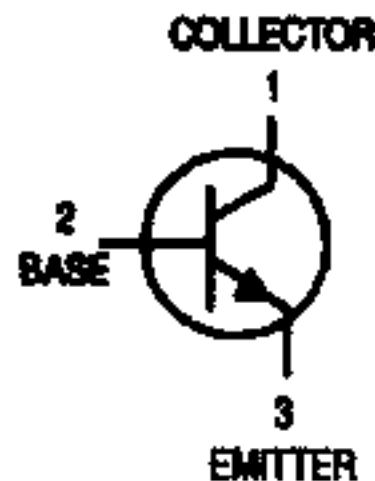
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## Amplifier Transistors

### NPN Silicon

**P2N2222A**



#### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	40	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	75	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0	Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	600	mAdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	625 5.0	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.5 12	Watts mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{Stg}$	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{JA}$	200	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{JC}$	83.3	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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#### OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}_\text{dc}, I_E = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	40	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}_\text{dc}, I_E = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	75	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}_\text{dc}, I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	6.0	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, V_{EB(\text{off})} = 3.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{CEX}$	—	10	nAdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{CBO}$	— —	0.01 10	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ Vdc}, I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$	—	10	nAdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ )	$I_{CEO}$	—	10	nAdc
Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, V_{EB(\text{off})} = 3.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{BEX}$	—	20	nAdc

**P2N2222A**
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) (Continued)**

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ ) ( $I_C = 150 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ ) <sup>(1)</sup> ( $I_C = 150 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc}$ ) <sup>(1)</sup> ( $I_C = 500 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ ) <sup>(1)</sup>	$h_{FE}$	35 50 75 35 100 50 40	— — — — <b>300</b> — —	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> ( $I_C = 150 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 15 \text{ mAdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 500 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 50 \text{ mAdc}$ )	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	— —	0.3 1.0	Vdc
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> ( $I_C = 150 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 15 \text{ mAdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 500 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 50 \text{ mAdc}$ )	$V_{BE(\text{sat})}$	0.6 —	1.2 2.0	Vdc

**SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Current-Gain — Bandwidth Product <sup>(2)</sup> ( $I_C = 20 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 20 \text{ Vdc}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	300	—	MHz
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{OBO}$	—	8.0	pF
Input Capacitance ( $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ Vdc}, I_C = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{IBO}$	—	25	pF
Input Impedance ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{IE}$	2.0 0.25	8.0 1.25	kΩ
Voltage Feedback Ratio ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{FE}$	— —	8.0 4.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
Small-Signal Current Gain ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{ie}$	50 75	300 375	—
Output Admittance ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ ) ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{oe}$	5.0 25	35 200	μmhos
Collector Base Time Constant ( $I_E = 20 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CB} = 20 \text{ Vdc}, f = 31.8 \text{ MHz}$ )	$r_b' C_0$	—	150	ps
Noise Figure ( $I_C = 100 \mu\text{Adc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, R_S = 1.0 \text{ kΩ}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ )	$N_F$	—	4.0	dB

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

Delay Time	( $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, V_{BE(\text{off})} = -2.0 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 150 \text{ mAdc}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mAdc}$ ) (Figure 1)	$t_d$	—	10	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	—	25	ns
Storage Time	( $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, I_C = 150 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mAdc}$ ) (Figure 2)	$t_s$	—	225	ns
Fall Time		$t_f$	—	60	ns

1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .

2.  $f_T$  is defined as the frequency at which  $|h_{ie}|$  extrapolates to unity.

## SWITCHING TIME EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUITS

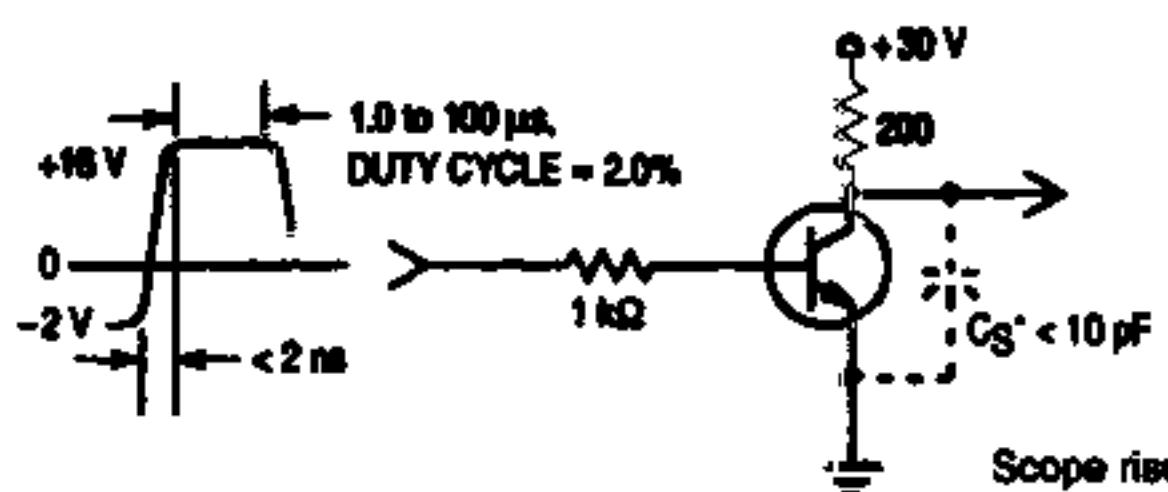


Figure 1. Turn-On Time

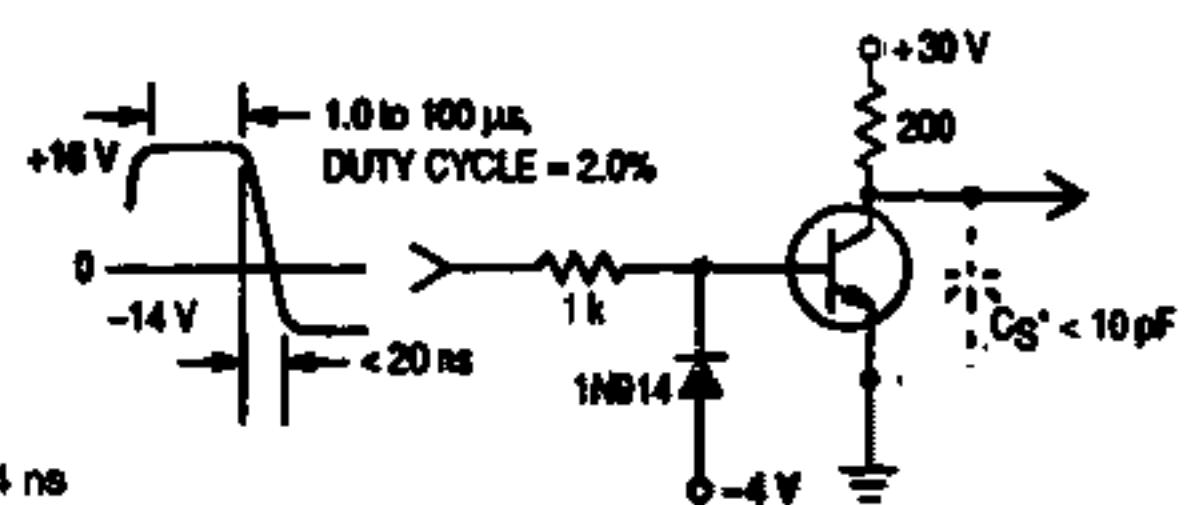


Figure 2. Turn-Off Time

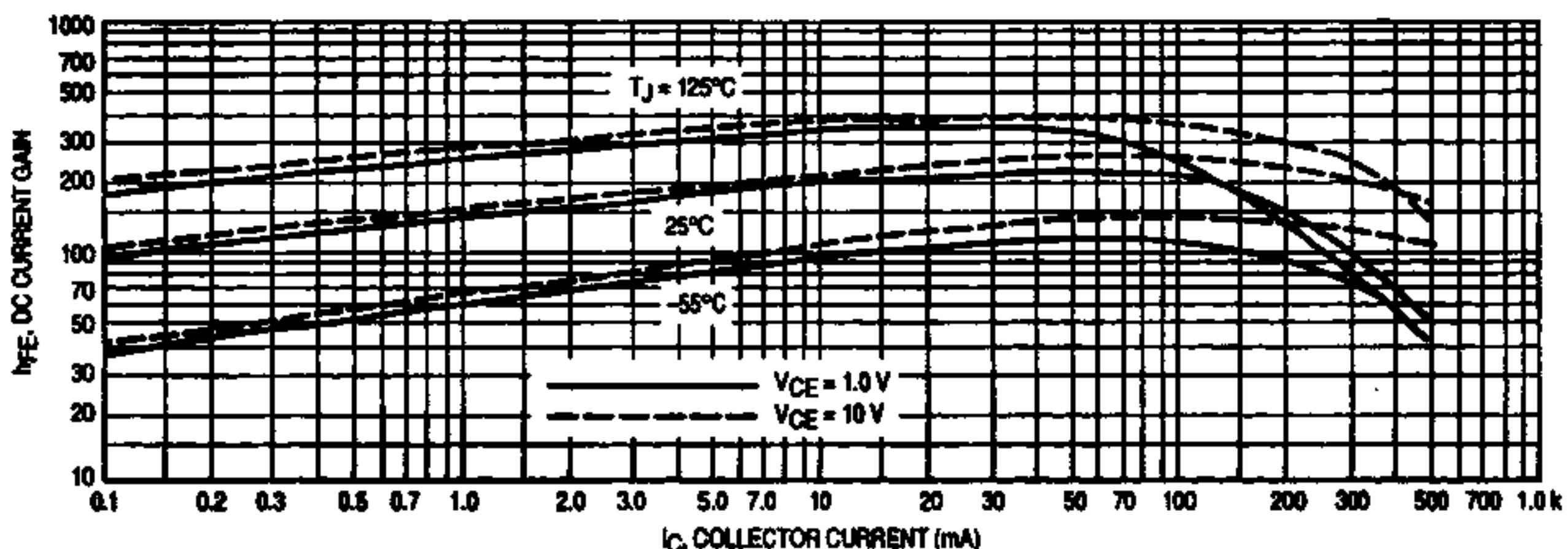
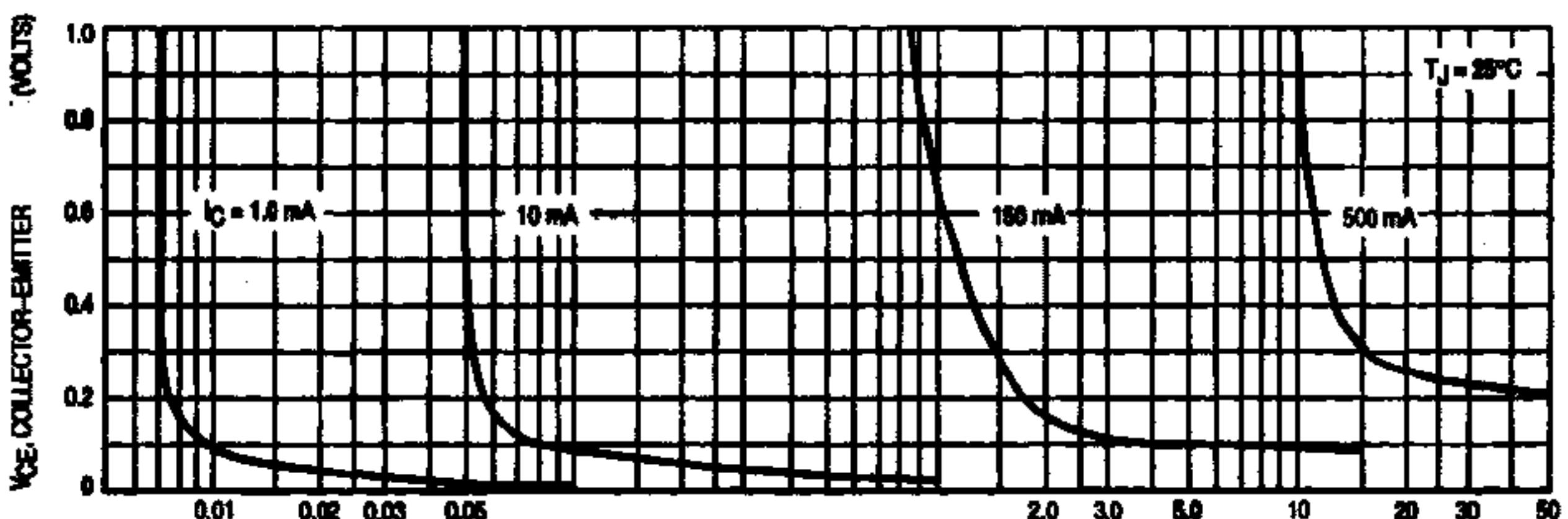
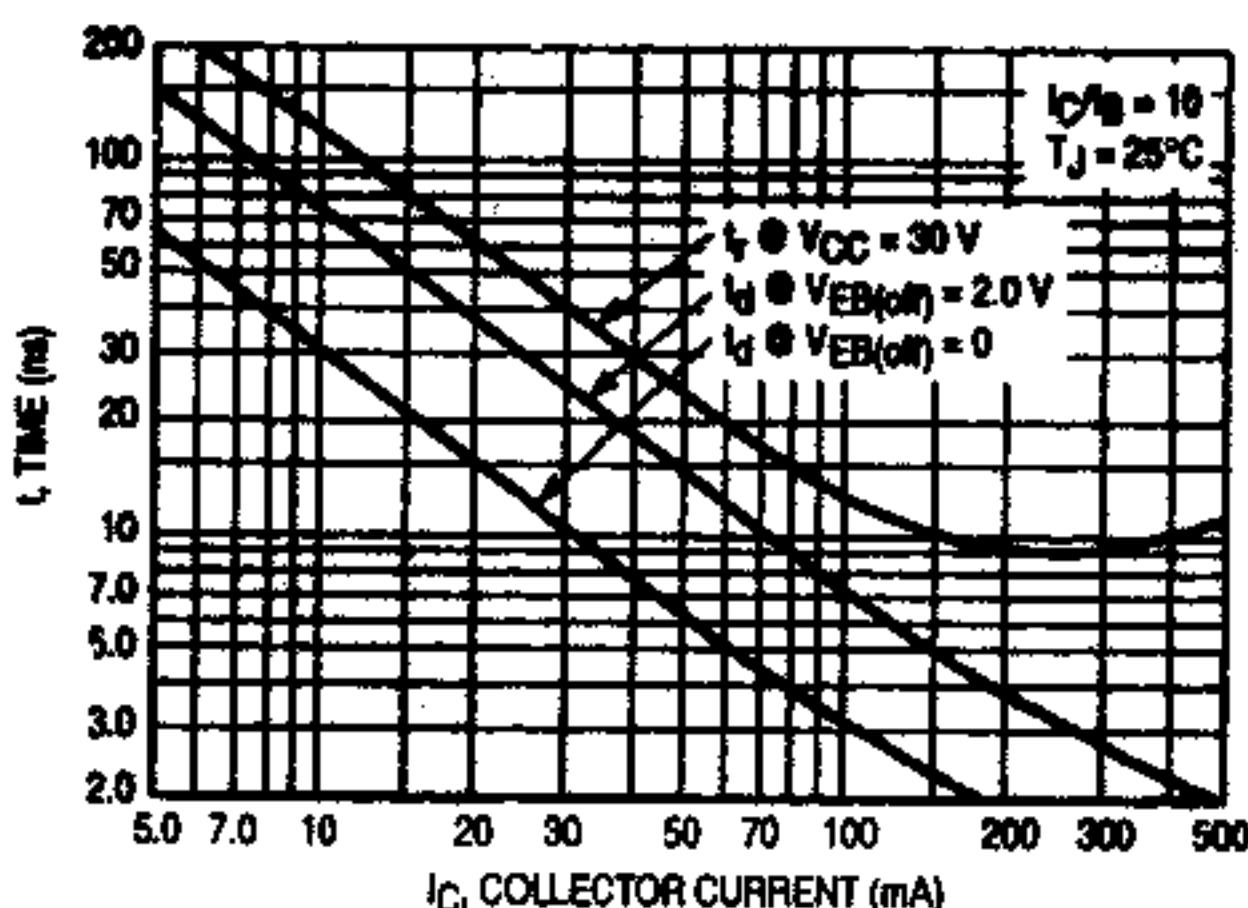


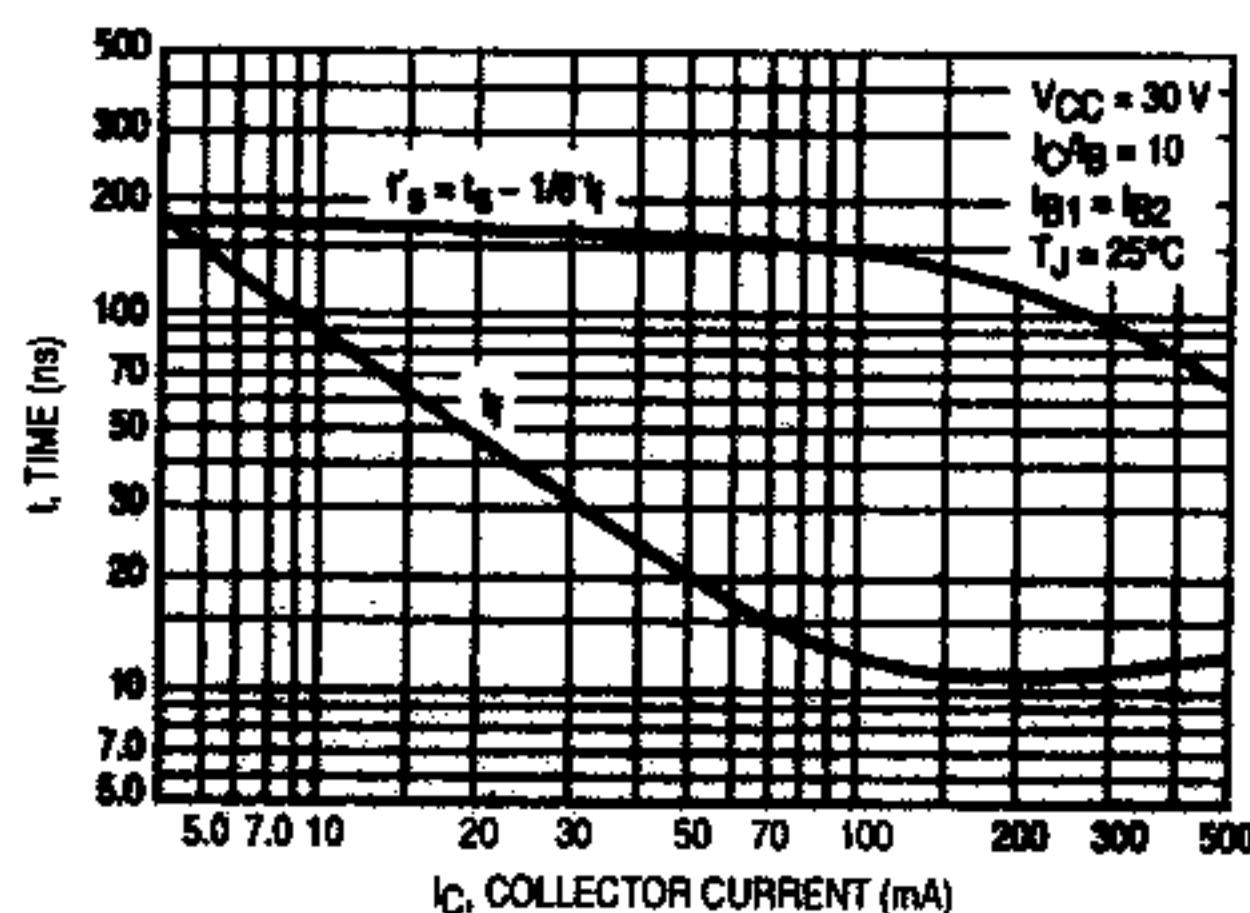
Figure 3. DC Current Gain



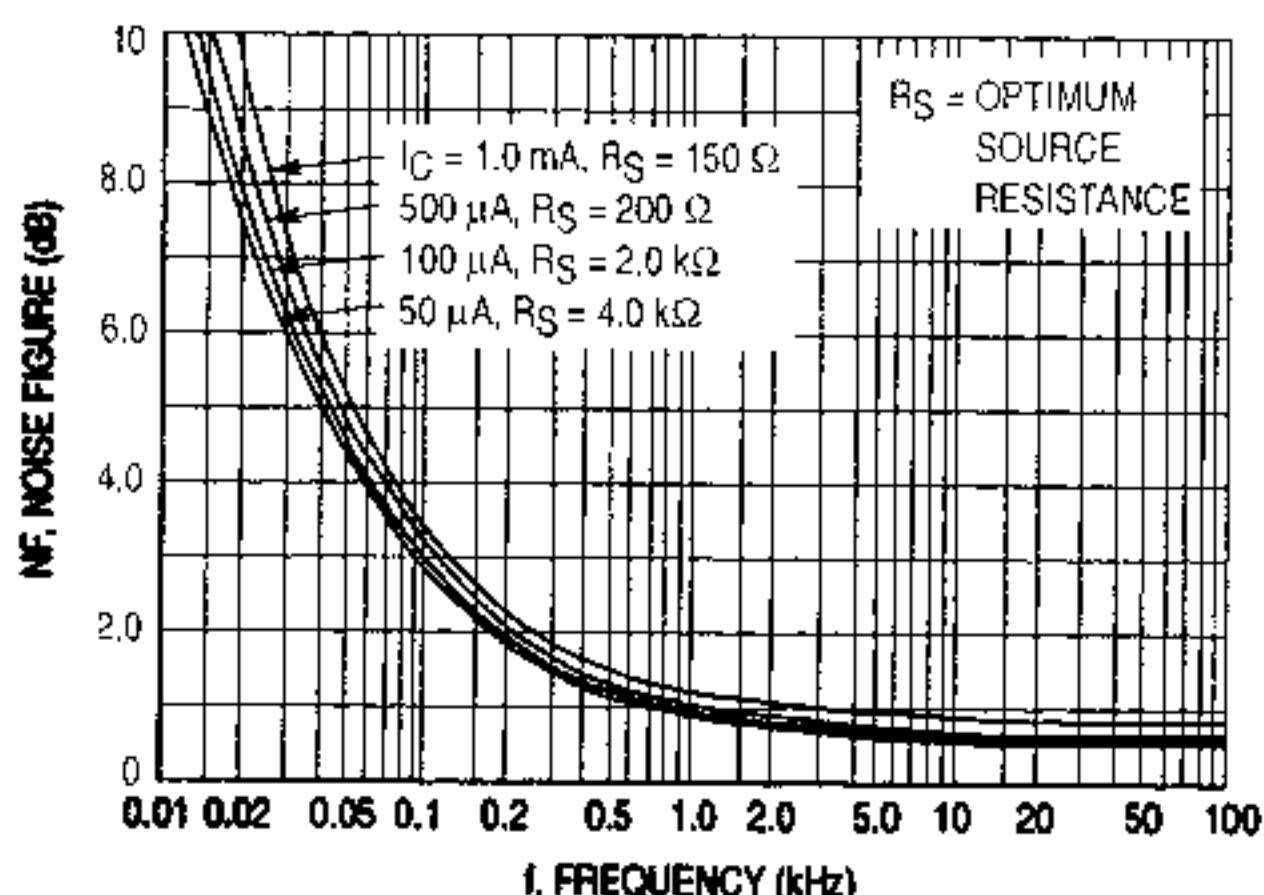
## P2N2222A



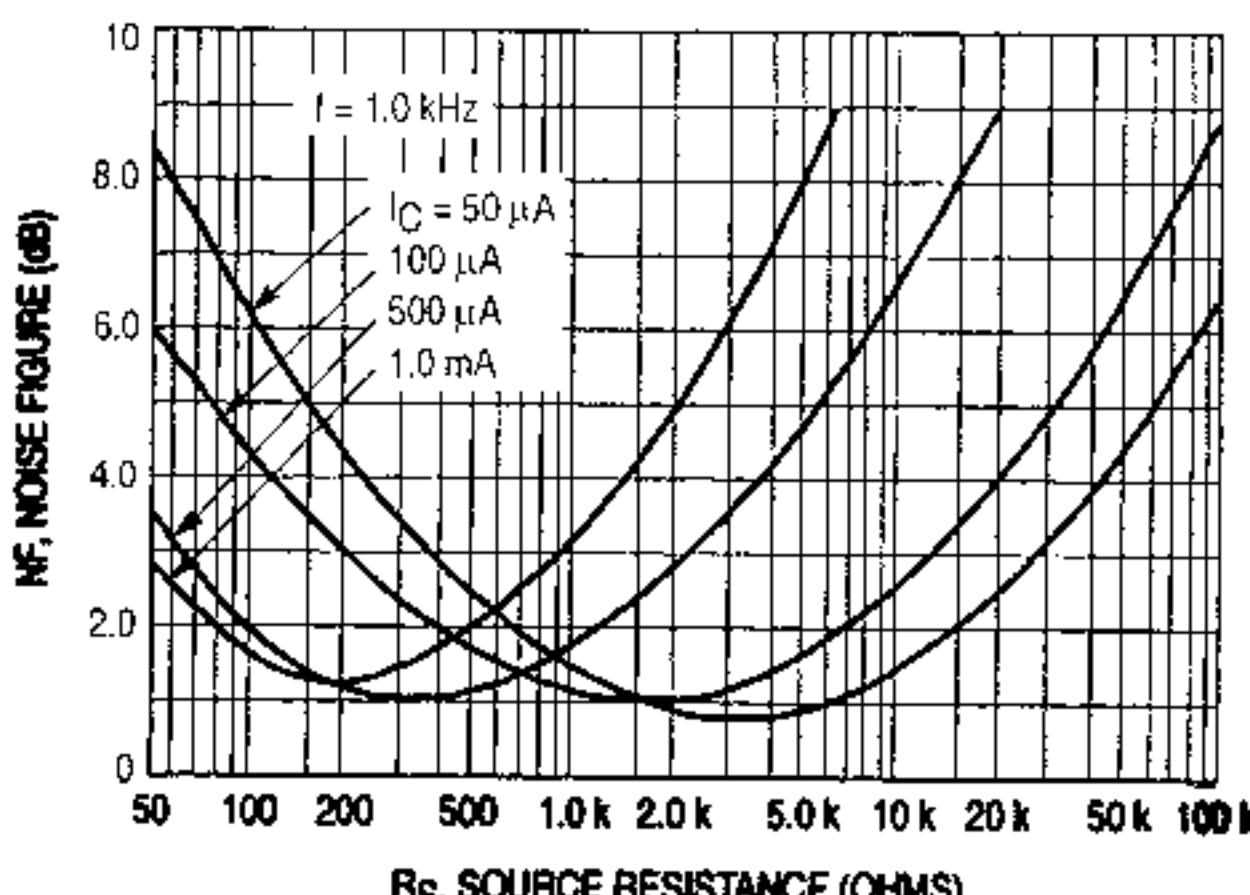
**Figure 5. Turn-On Time**



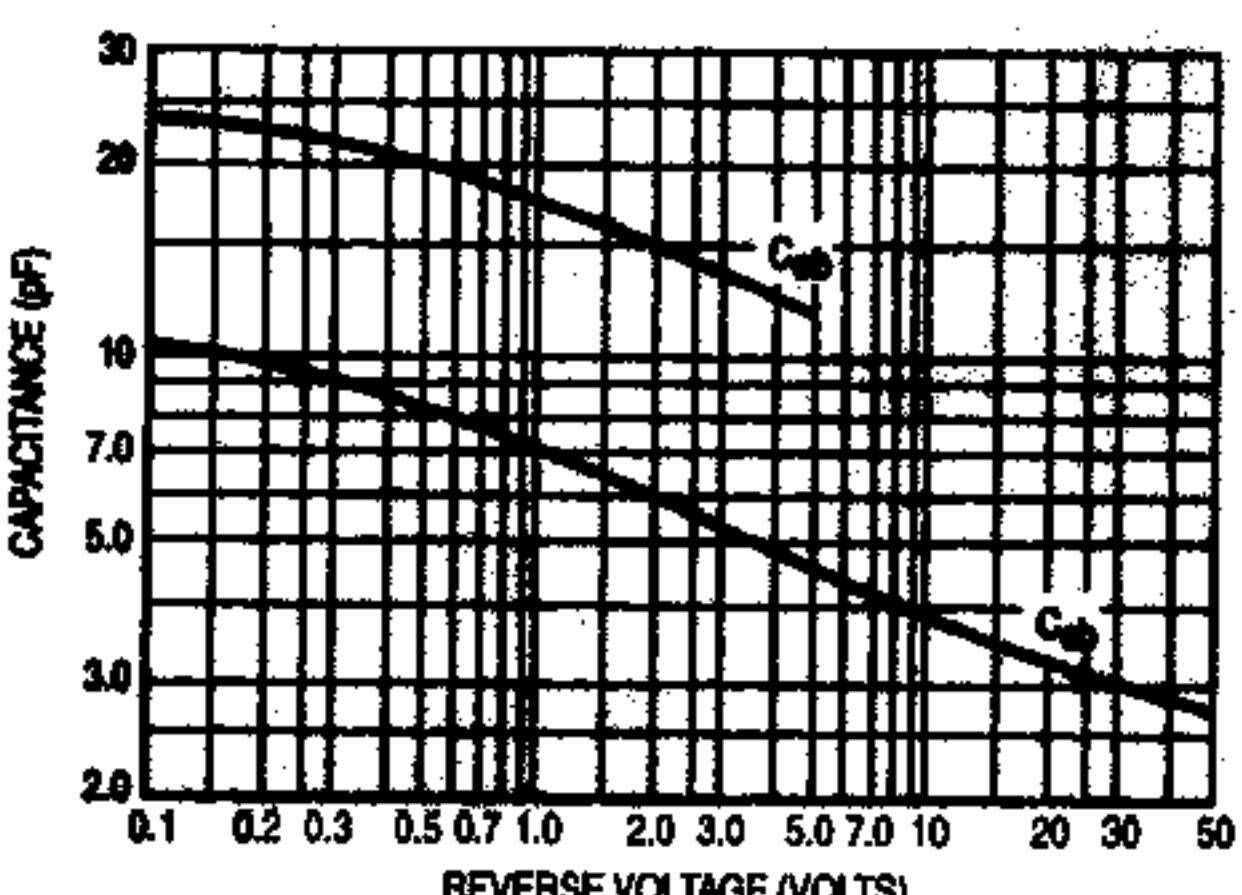
**Figure 6. Turn-Off Time**



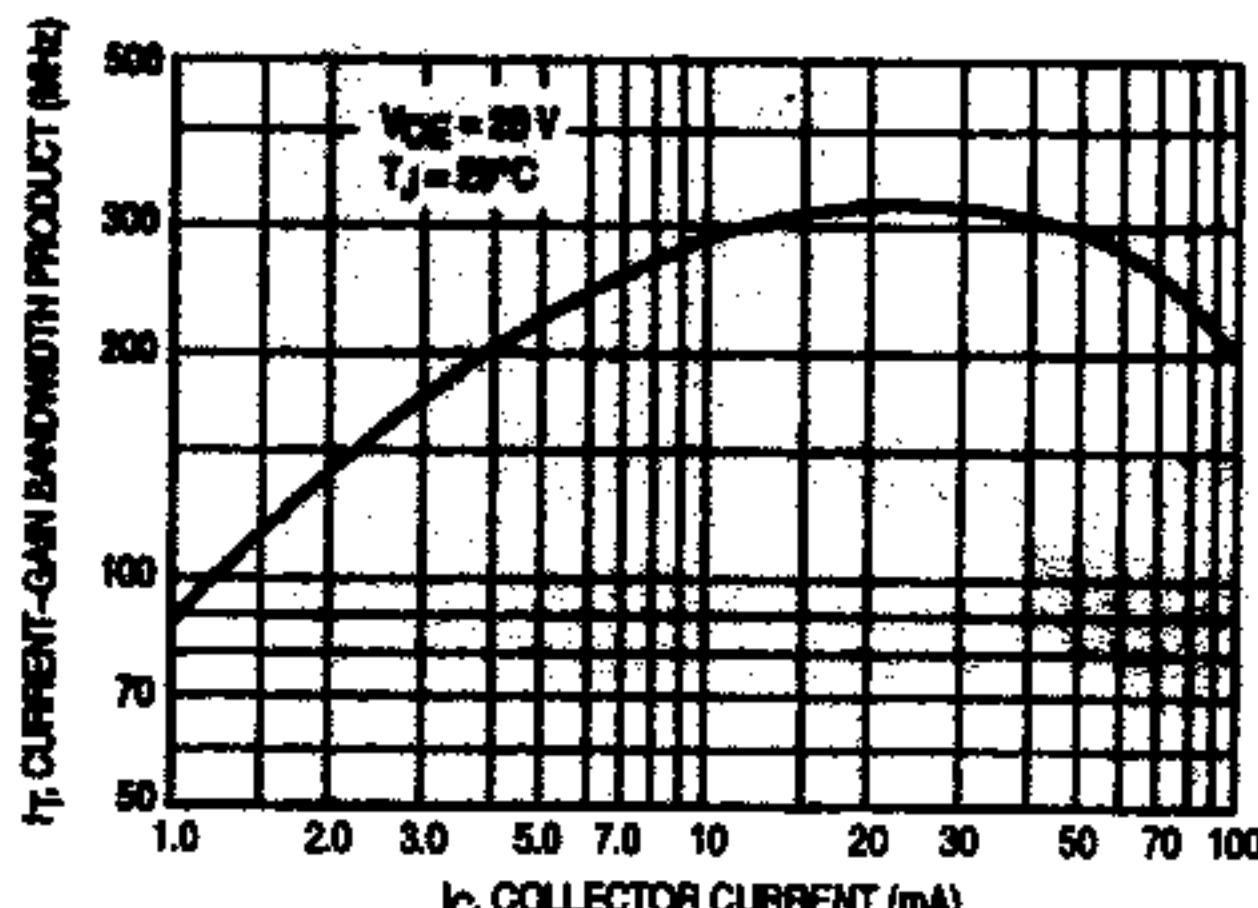
**Figure 7. Frequency Effects**



**Figure 8. Source Resistance Effects**



**Figure 9. Capacitances**



**Figure 10. Current-Gain Bandwidth Product**

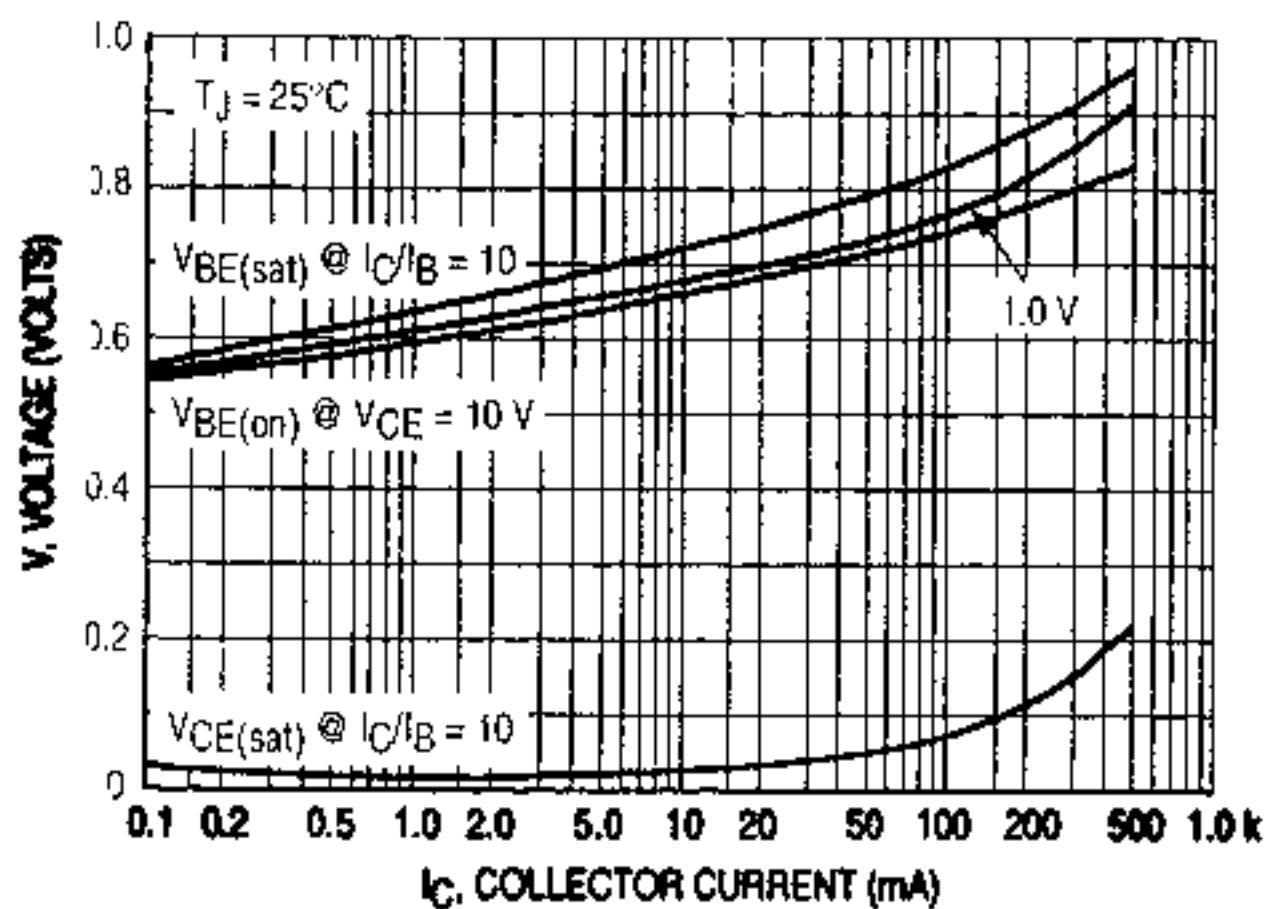


Figure 11. "On" Voltages

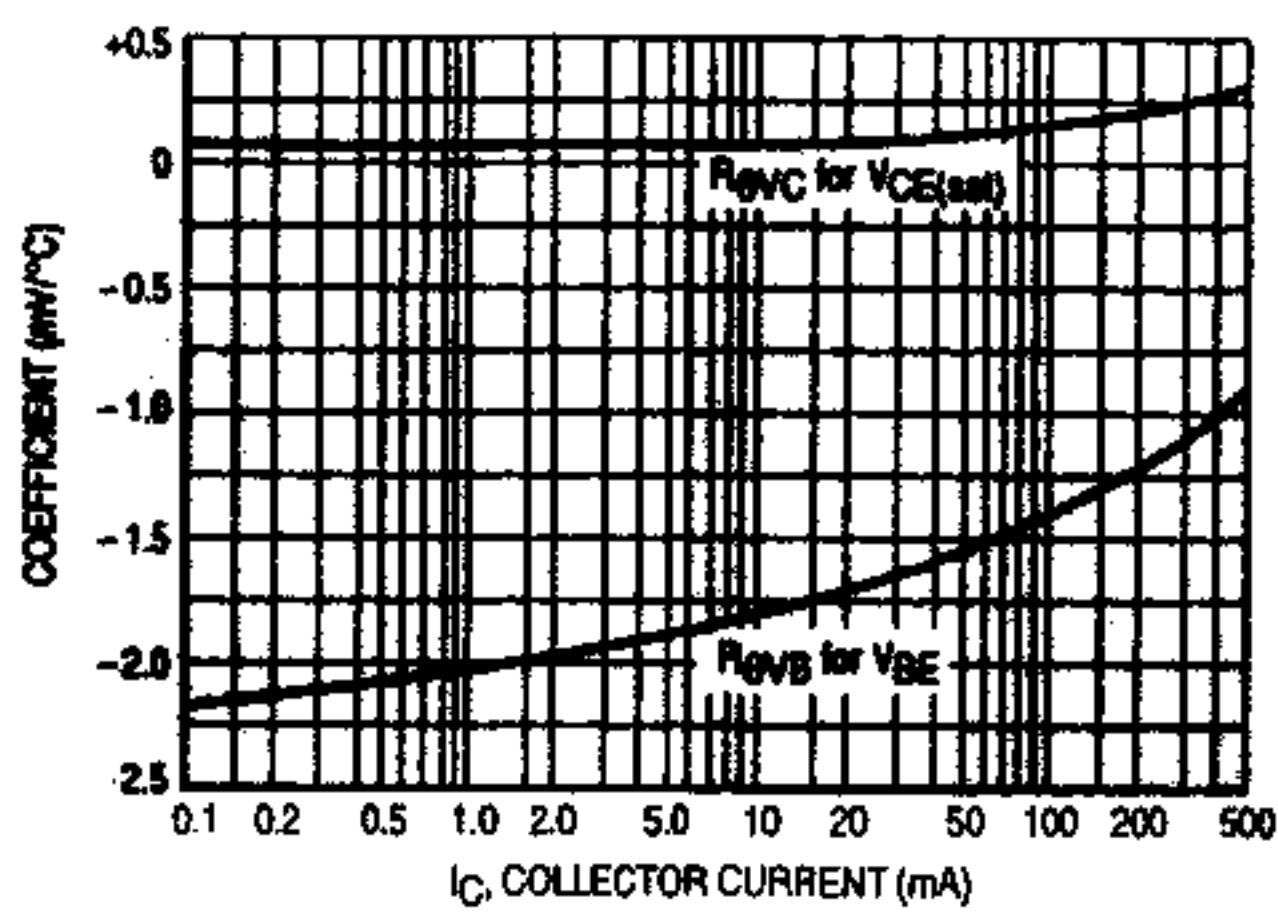
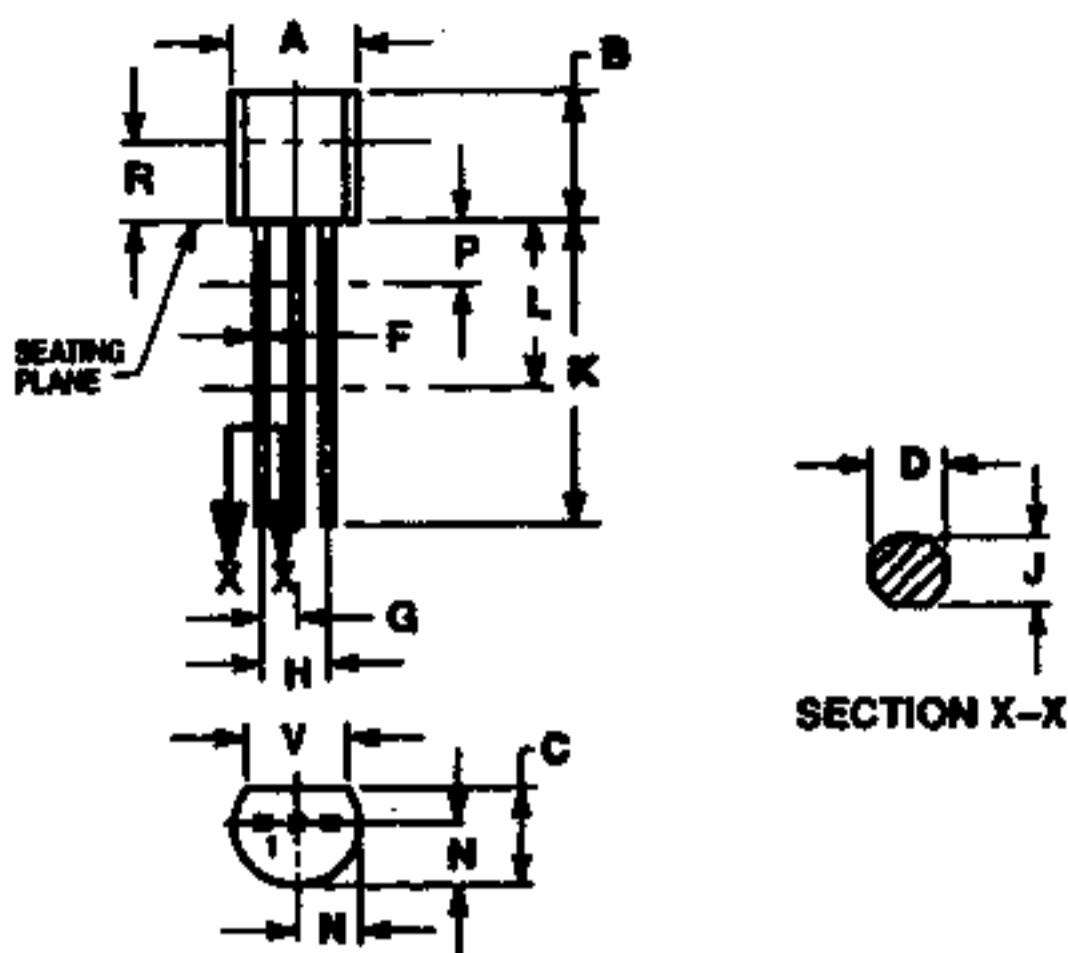


Figure 12. Temperature Coefficients

13 b

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.175	0.205	4.45	5.20
B	0.170	0.210	4.32	5.33
C	0.125	0.165	3.18	4.19
D	0.016	0.022	0.41	0.55
F	0.016	0.019	0.41	0.48
G	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39
H	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66
J	0.015	0.020	0.38	0.50
K	0.500	—	12.70	—
L	0.250	—	6.35	—
N	0.080	0.105	2.04	2.66
P	—	0.100	—	2.54
R	0.115	—	2.93	—
V	0.135	—	3.43	—

CASE 029-04  
(TO-226AA)  
ISSUE AD

STYLE 17:  
PIN 1: COLLECTOR  
2: BASE  
3: Emitter

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